OCR Oxford Cambridge and RSA		
day June 20XX – Morning/Afterno	on	
GCSE (9–1) HISTORY B (SCHOOLS HISTORY		
	present with Britain in Peace and War, 1900–1918	
SAMPLE MARK SCHEME		Duration: 1 hour 45 minutes
MAXIMUM MARK 80		

5

This document consists of 24 pages

MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

PREPARATION FOR MARKING

SCORIS

- 1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: scoris assessor Online Training; OCR Essential Guide to Marking.
- 2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <u>http://www.rm.com/support/ca</u>
- 3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses ("scripts") and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

TRADITIONAL

Before the Standardisation meeting you must mark at least 10 scripts from several centres. For this preliminary marking you should use **pencil** and follow the **mark scheme**. Bring these **marked scripts** to the meeting.

MARKING

- 1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
- 2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
- 3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
- 4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the scoris messaging system.

J411/16

- 5. Work crossed out:
 - a. where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
 - b. if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
- 6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
- 7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
 - if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
 - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
 - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.

Note: Award 0 marks - for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).

- 8. The scoris comments box is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. Do not use the comments box for any other reason. If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or e-mail.
- 9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.
- 10. For answers marked by levels of response:
 - a. **To determine the level** start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
 - b. **To determine the mark within the level**, consider the following:

Descriptor	Award mark
On the borderline of this level and the one	At bottom of level
below	
Just enough achievement on balance for this	Above bottom and either below middle or at middle of level (depending on number of marks
level	available)
Meets the criteria but with some slight	Above middle and either below top of level or at middle of level (depending on number of marks
inconsistency	available)
Consistently meets the criteria for this level	At top of level

11. Please note: the Assessment Objectives targeted by each question and the maximum marks available for each Assessment Objective are given at the top of each levels mark scheme for each question. Unless otherwise stated the weightings of the assessment objectives remain consistent throughout the levels. For example if the maximum marks are 6 AO1, 3 AO2, then the AO1/AO2 ratio will be 2/1 throughout the levels.

12. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning

13. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper and its rubrics
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

USING THE MARK SCHEME

Please study this Mark Scheme carefully. The Mark Scheme is an integral part of the process that begins with the setting of the question paper and ends with the awarding of grades. Question papers and Mark Schemes are developed in association with each other so that issues of differentiation and positive achievement can be addressed from the very start.

This Mark Scheme is a working document; it is not exhaustive; it does not provide 'correct' answers. The Mark Scheme can only provide 'best guesses' about how the question will work out, and it is subject to revision after we have looked at a wide range of scripts.

The Examiners' Standardisation Meeting will ensure that the Mark Scheme covers the range of candidates' responses to the questions, and that all Examiners understand and apply the Mark Scheme in the same way. The Mark Scheme will be discussed and amended at the meeting, and administrative procedures will be confirmed. Co–ordination scripts will be issued at the meeting to exemplify aspects of candidates' responses and achievements; the co–ordination scripts then become part of this Mark Scheme.

Before the Standardisation Meeting, you should read and mark in pencil a number of scripts, in order to gain an impression of the range of responses and achievement that may be expected.

Please read carefully all the scripts in your allocation and make every effort to look positively for achievement throughout the ability range. Always be prepared to use the full range of marks.

X

J411/16

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR EXAMINERS

- 1 The co–ordination scripts provide you with *examples* of the standard of each band. The marks awarded for these scripts will have been agreed by the Team Leaders and will be discussed fully at the Examiners' Co–ordination Meeting.
- 2 The specific task-related indicative content for each question will help you to understand how the band descriptors may be applied. However, this indicative content does not constitute the mark scheme: it is material that candidates might use, grouped according to each assessment objective tested by the question. It is hoped that candidates will respond to questions in a variety of ways. Rigid demands for 'what must be a good answer' would lead to a distorted assessment.
- 3 Candidates' answers must be relevant to the question. Beware of prepared answers that do not show the candidate's thought and which have not been adapted to the thrust of the question. Beware also of answers where candidates attempt to reproduce interpretations and concepts that they have been taught but have only partially understood.

Section A: Crime and Punishment, c.1250 to present

Question 1–3 marks a) Name one type of official who was responsible for enforcing law and order in th	e Middle Ages.
b) Name one type of crime that people were particularly worried about in the perio	d 1500–1750.
c) Give one example of a technological change which affected policing in the peric	od after 1900.
Guidance	Indicative
1(a) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1)	For 1(a), likely valid responses include: sheriff, constable, coroner, judge, juror, Justice of the Peace.
1(b) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1)	For 1(b), likely valid responses include: vagrancy, poaching, witchcraft, drinking, not attending church, highway robbery, smuggling, rioting.
1(c) – 1 mark for any answer that offers an historically valid response drawing on knowledge of characteristic features (AO1)	For 1(c), Likely responses include: the internet, the motor car, TV, radio, DNA testing, tagging.
	Any other historically valid response is acceptable and should be credited.

S

Question 2–9 marks		
Write a clear and organised summary that analyses how law and order was enforced in the period 1500–1750. Support your summary with examples.		
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set	
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 6 marks		
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 3 marks		
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	Answers should show connections in the situation defined in the	
Demonstrates a well-selected range of valid knowledge of characteristic features that are fully relevant to the question, in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	question and use these to organise the answer logically.	
The way the summary is organised shows sustained logical coherence, demonstrating clear use of at least one second order concept in finding connections and providing a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).	Examples of details that might be included at any level include: the function of different courts (assizes, quarter sessions, many church); the role of law enforcers (Justice of the Peace/magistrate, sheriff, coroner, constable, priests).	
Level 2 (4–6 marks)	Use of conceptual understanding to organise the response might	
Demonstrates a range of knowledge of characteristic features that are relevant to the question, in ways that show understanding of them (AO1).	in this case involve the concept of changes within the period. Or it may involve using diverse aspects of law enforcement to organise the response eg Justice of the Peace, Coroner had	
The way the summary is organised shows some logical coherence, demonstrating use of at least one second order concept in finding connections and providing a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).	certain roles which differed from the responsibilities of e.g. Priests.	
Level 1 (1–3 marks)	Answers may show use of second order concepts such as causation (e.g. why roles changed or different roles were needed or reasons for actions), similarity and difference within situations (e.g. different responsibilities of different enforcers). Please note that answers do not need to name the second order concepts being used to organise their answer, but the concepts do need to be apparent from the connections and chains of	
Demonstrates some knowledge of characteristic features with some relevance to the question, in ways that show some limited understanding of them (AO1).		
The summary shows a very basic logical coherence, demonstrating limited use of at least one second order concept in attempting to find connections and to provide a logical chain of reasoning to summarise the historical situation in the question (AO2).		
0 marks	reasoning in the summary in order to meet the AO2 descriptors (see levels descriptors).	
No response or no response worthy of credit.	No reward can be given for wider knowledge of the period that is unrelated to the topic in the question.	

Question 3–10 marks	
What caused the increase in crime in the first half of the nineteenth century? Explain your	answer.
Levels AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 5 marks AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 5 marks	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
Level 5 (9–10 marks) Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show sophisticated understanding of one or more second order concepts in a fully sustained and very well-supported explanation (AO2).	Explanations could consider: the rise in population; increasing population mobility; improved transport; growing inequalities in wealth; the increase in rural poverty; the impact of industrialisation; growth in business and opportunities for increase in fraud, bribery and corruption; deteriorating living conditions in the towns; drunkenness; the declining influence of
Level 4 (7–8 marks) Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show strong understanding of one or more second order concepts in a sustained and well-supported explanation (AO2).	the church; the breakdown of community–based law enforcement. Explanations are most likely to show understanding of the second order concept of causation but reward appropriate understanding of any other second order concept.
Level 3 (5–6 marks) Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show sound understanding of one or more second order concepts in a generally coherent and organised explanation (AO2).	Answers which simply describe some of crimes from the first half of the nineteenth century cannot reach beyond Level 1.
Level 2 (3–4 marks) Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Uses these to show some understanding of one or more second order concepts in a loosely organised explanation (AO2).	
Level 1 (1–2 marks) Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Uses these to show some basic understanding of one or more second order concepts, although the overall response may lack structure and coherence (AO2).	
0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.	

Question 4*–18 marks	
How far do you agree that the most important changes in the punishment of offenders took place in the	twentieth century? Give reasons for your answer.
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 6 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 12 marks	
Level 6 (16–18 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show very secure and thorough understanding of them (AO1).	demonstrate knowledge of types of crime in any period. It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation and reaching a very well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing the response matches the level description. To achieve the tw highest levels, answers must consider at least one period
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	outside the twentieth century even if the response goes or to argue that the most important changes took place in the
Level 5 (13–15 marks)	twentieth century.
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows very strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and convincing explanation and reaching a well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	,
Level 4 (10–12 marks)	Grounds for agreeing include: the abolition of capital punishment and of birching; changes in prisons (e.g.
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation to reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	abolition of treadmills, prisoners allowed to 'associate', open prisons); alternatives to prison e.g. probation, community service and electronic tagging.
There is a developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	Grounds for disagreeing include: arguing that changes
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	before 1900 were of greater significance as they paved th way for later changes or that they were just as important in
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas and reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	their own time (including changes that made punishmer even harsher). Examples of changes from before 1900 include: the 'Bloody Code'; transportation; prison reform the end of public executions.
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	

Level 2 (4–6 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas and reach a loosely supported judgment about the issue in the question (AO2).	
There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	
Level 1 (1–3 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) but any attempt to explain ideas and reach a judgment on the issue in the question is unclear or lacks historical validity (AO2).	
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	
0 marks	
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

Question 5*–18 marks	
'In the period between 1750 and 1900 there were big changes in policing'. How far do you agree with this s	statement? Give reasons for your answer.
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 6 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 12 marks	
Level 6 (16–18 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show very secure and thorough understanding of them (AO1).	demonstrate any knowledge of policing in the period 1750 1900.
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation and reaching a very well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing the response matches the level description. BUT, to achieve
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	the two highest levels, answers must identify and consider the alternative point of view. OR answers may reach a
Level 5 (13–15 marks)	judgment on how "big" the changes were in policing in the
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows very strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and convincing explanation and reaching a well-supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	period 1750 and 1900 by comparison with other periods Answers are most likely to show understanding of the second order change, continuity and significance but reward appropriate understanding of any other second
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	order concept.
Level 4 (10–12 marks)	Grounds for agreeing include: the introduction of the first
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1). Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation to reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	police force in London in 1829 was an important advance; legislation was introduced to establish police forces throughout the country; the number of police officers increased significantly; people accepted the need for a
There is a developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	police force.
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	Grounds for disagreeing include: there were limitations to
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas and reach a supported judgment on the issue in the question (AO2).	policing in the period 1750–1900 (e.g. limited numbers of police officers and limitations to their effectiveness); the changes came after 1829 – little change in the period 1750–1829.
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	

Level 2 (4–6 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas and reach a loosely supported judgment about the issue in the question (AO2).	
There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	
Level 1 (1–3 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1). Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) but any attempt to explain ideas and reach a judgment on the issue in the question is unclear or lacks historical validity (AO2).	
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	
0 marks	
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

Section B: Britain in Peace and War, 1900–1918

Question 6a – 3 marks

In Interpretation A the artist Richard Hook tries to portray some of the drama of life in Britain in the early twentieth century. Identify and explain one way in which the illustrator does this.

Notes and guidance specific to the question set

Points marking (AO4): 1+1+1. 1 mark for identification of a relevant and appropriate way in which Hook portrays the drama of life in Britain + 1 mark for a basic explanation of this + 1 mark for development of this explanation.

Reminder – This question does not seek evaluation of the given interpretation, just selection of relevant material and analysis of this is relation to the issue in the question.

The explanation of how the illustrator portrays drama may analyse the interpretation or aspects of the interpretation by using the candidate's knowledge of the historical situation portrayed and / or to the method or approach used by the illustrator. Knowledge and understanding of historical context must be intrinsically linked to the analysis of the interpretation in order to be credited. Marks must not be awarded for the demonstration of knowledge or understanding in isolation.

The following answers are indicative. Other appropriates ways and appropriate and accurate explanation should also be credited:

The level of activity of the people and things depicted creates a sense of drama, for example the artist shows a newspaper seller yelling out in an animated way (1) and he is selling papers about the death of a suffragette at the Derby which as a shocking event in a very public place would have been very dramatic (1). This aspect of drama is further enhanced by the artist directly beneath this depicting a policeman forcibly removing a suffragette which suggests the ongoing struggle of the suffragettes which was one of the dramatic aspects of the age(1).

The drama of life is suggested by the soldiers marching to war (1), the artist has given them determined faces and they are organised in line and this suggests the seriousness and worry that people felt (1). They are lined up behind a depiction of the king and pointing in the same direction which suggests patriotism and commitment (1).

The painting shows a motor car which was a new invention and so dramatic and exciting (1). It is depicted as shiny and large and by doing this the artist is suggesting the power of new technology which could be seen as a dramatic element of the age (1). Not many people would have had cars hence the wealth of status of the rich couple in the car and this suggests dramatic class and wealth divisions as many people were still very poor (1).

Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the per studied. Maximum 2 marks	iods
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical conc Maximum 3 marks	epts.
Please note that that while the weightings of AO1 to AO2 are equal in levels 1 and 2, AO2 ca greater weight in level 3.	arries
Level 3 (5 marks)	Answers may choose to put forward lines of investigation by
The response shows knowledge and understanding of relevant key features and characteristics (A	O1). framing specific enquiry questions but it is possible to achieve f marks without doing this.
It uses a strong understanding of second order historical concept(s) to explain clearly how further in on the chosen aspect would improve our understanding of the event or situation (AO2).	research Suggested lines of enquiry / areas for research may be into
Level 2 (3–4 marks)	matters of specific detail or into broader themes but must involv
The response shows knowledge and understanding of relevant key features and characteristics (A	O1). use of second order concepts rather than mere discovery of nei information if AO2 marks are to be awarded.
It uses a general understanding of second order historical concept(s) to explain how further resear the chosen aspect would improve our understanding of the event or situation (AO2).	Examples of areas for further research include: the lives of upper
Level 1 (1–2 mark)	class Edwardians (Diversity i.e. Similarity/Difference), reasons t the growing violence of the Suffragette campaign (Causation,
The response shows knowledge of features and characteristics (AO1).	Change, Diversity i.e. Similarity/Difference), the impact of the
It shows a basic understanding of second order historical concept(s) and attempts to link these to explanation of how further research on the chosen aspect would improve our understanding of the situation (AO2).	event or biversity i.e. Similarity/Difference); changes in football/sport/leisure (Change, Causation, Diversity i.e. similarity and difference).
0 marks	
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

June	20xx
------	------

Question 7–12 marks			
Interpretations B and C both focus on the force-feeding of suffragettes. How far do they differ and wi	hat might explain any differences?		
Levels AO4 Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations (including how and why interpretations may differ) in the context of historical events studied. Maximum 12 marks	Notes and guidance specific to the question set		
Level 4 (10–12 marks) Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Offers a very detailed analysis of similarities and/or differences between the interpretations and gives a convincing and valid explanation of reasons why they may differ. There is a convincing and well-substantiated judgment of how far they differ, in terms of detail or in overall message, style or purpose (AO4).	Answers could consider: the overall focus of each interpretation the specific issues covered by the interpretations (B and C bo focus on the process of force-feeding and the 'Cat and Mouse Act); the interpretations' treatment of specific issues (B – bried describes the process of force-feeding, C provides more detate and gives a more graphic account with an example based on		
Level 3 (7–9 marks)	named individual; the style and tone of the interpretations (C		
Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Offers a detailed analysis of similarities and/or differences between the interpretations and gives a valid explanation of reasons why they may differ. There is a generally valid and clear judgment about how far they differ, in terms of detail or in overall message, style or purpose (AO4).	portrays the process as more brutal, e.g. $B - $ 'released until their health improved' $C - $ 'watched until they recovered'; the nature and purpose of the interpretations eg the audience for which the interpretations were made (e.g. $B - a$ school textbook, therefore the description possibly had to be brief and the authors may have		
Level 2 (4–6 marks)	decided to tone down the horror, C a popular history book		
Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Offers some valid analysis of differences and/or similarities between the interpretations and gives a reasonable explanation of at least one reason why they may differ, and a basic judgement about how far they differ, in terms of detail or in overall message, style or purpose (AO4).	written by a journalist who may have wanted to emphasise the brutality of force-feeding. Knowledge and understanding may be shown by candidates' ability to make sense of, and readiness to comment on e.g.: how		
Level 1 (1–3 marks)	far each interpretation deals with the causes and consequences		
Analyses the interpretations and identifies some features appropriate to the task. Identifies some differences and/or similarities between the interpretations and makes a limited attempt to explain why they may differ. There is either no attempt to assess how far they differ, or there is an assertion about this but it is completely unsupported (AO4).	of force–feeding. Marks for relevant knowledge and understanding should be awarded for the clarity and confidence with which candidates discuss features, events or issues mentioned or implied in the		
0 marks	interpretations. Candidates who introduce extra relevant		
No response or no response worthy of credit.	knowledge or show understanding of related historical issues can be rewarded for this, but it is not a target of the question.		
	No reward can be given for wider knowledge of the period that remains unrelated to the topic in the question.		

Question 8*–20 marks			
In an article in the Daily Mail newspaper in 2015 the historian A N Wilson stated that, in the period before the	e First World War, 'life for the majority of men and		
women was hellish'. How far do you agree with this view?	Notes and middle and an addition to the superfiction and		
Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set		
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 5 marks			
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 5 marks			
AO4 Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations in the context of historical events studied. Maximum 10 marks			
Level 5 (17–20 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if they		
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	demonstrate any knowledge of life for the majority of people in the period 1900–1913.		
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation (AO2).	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing		
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing evaluation reaching a well-substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	the response matches the Level description. Answers are most likely to show understanding of the		
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	second order concepts of similarity and difference		
Level 4 (13–16 marks)	(diversity of experience across British society) and		
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	causation and consequence (what created these experiences) but reward appropriate understanding of an other second order concept.		
Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation (AO2). Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained and generally convincing evaluation reaching a substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	Grounds for agreeing include: the inequalities in British society; the long hours of work and low pay; the toil of domestic work; the inequalities and injustice faced by		
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	women; the poor living conditions and lack of health care; the extent of poverty as revealed by the Rowntree Survey.		
Level 3 (9–12 marks)			
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1).	Grounds for disagreeing include: the opportunities for employment; the variation in experience among 'the		
Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas (AO2).	majority of men and women'; improvements in transport and the urban environment; the Liberal Reforms; the hope		
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a partial evaluation with some explanation of ideas reaching a supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	provided growth of Trades Unions; the hope provided by the campaigns for female suffrage; the strength of family and community; the importance of church and chapel; different forms of working class leisure; 'hellish' is a		
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	contemporary perspective.		

Level 2 (5–8 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas (AO2).	
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Attempts a basic evaluation with some limited explanation of ideas and a loosely supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	
There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	
Level 1 (1–4 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1).	
Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) involved in the issue (AO2).	
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. (AO4) There is either no attempt to evaluate and reach a judgment about the interpretation, or there is an assertion about the interpretation but this lacks any support or historical validity.	
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	
0 marks	1
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

June 2	20xx
--------	------

Levels	Notes and guidance specific to the question set
AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the key features and characteristics of the periods studied. Maximum 5 marks	
AO2 Explain and analyse historical events and periods studied using second-order historical concepts. Maximum 5 marks	
AO4 Analyse, evaluate and make substantiated judgements about interpretations in the context of historical events studied. Maximum 10 marks	
Level 5 (17–20 marks)	Answers may be awarded some marks at Level 1 if
Demonstrates strong knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	they demonstrate any knowledge of British politics in the period 1900–1918.
Shows sophisticated understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing explanation (AO2).	It is possible to reach the highest marks either by agreeing or disagreeing or anywhere between, providing the response matches the Level description.
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained, consistently focused and convincing evaluation reaching a well-substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	To reach Levels 4 and 5, this must involve considering the force of the phrase 'big changes' in the question.
There is a well-developed and sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant and logically structured.	Answers are most likely to show understanding of the second order concepts of change and continuity
Level 4 (13–16 marks)	(aspects that did or did not change) and similarity and
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of the period in ways that show secure understanding of them (AO1).	difference (diversity of experience across British society – more changed for some) but reward appropriate understanding of any other second order
Shows strong understanding of appropriate second order concepts in setting out a sustained and generally convincing explanation (AO2). Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a sustained and generally convincing evaluation reaching a substantiated judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	g concept. Grounds for agreeing include: the rise of the Labour Party and the growth of Trades Unions, the Liberal
There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear, relevant and logically structured.	victory in the 1906 election and the Liberal Reforms; the Parliament Act (1911) and the reduction in the
Level 3 (9–12 marks)	power of peers; the campaigns for the vote for women.
Demonstrates sound knowledge of key features and characteristics of period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1).	Grounds for disagreeing include: the continuing power of the establishment; the weakness of the Labour
Shows sound understanding of appropriate second order concepts in making a reasonably sustained attempt to explain ideas (AO2).	Party and of Trades Unions; the lack of success of the campaign for votes for women by 1914.
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Sets out a partial evaluation with some explanation of ideas reaching a supported judgmen about the interpretation (AO4).	t
There is a line of reasoning presented which is mostly relevant and which has some structure.	

Level 2 (5–8 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period in ways that show some understanding of them (AO1). Shows some understanding of appropriate second order concepts managing in a limited way to explain ideas (AO2).	
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. Attempts a basic evaluation with some limited explanation of ideas and a loosely supported judgment about the interpretation (AO4).	
There is a line of reasoning which has some relevance and which is presented with limited structure.	
Level 1 (1–4 marks)	
Demonstrates some knowledge of features and characteristics of the period (AO1).	
Shows some basic understanding of appropriate second order concept(s) involved in the issue (AO2).	
Understands and addresses the issue in the question and understands how this is shown in the interpretation e.g. identifying key words, etc. (AO4) There is either no attempt to evaluate and reach a judgment about the interpretation, or there is an assertion about the interpretation but this lacks any support or historical validity.	
The information is communicated in a basic/unstructured way.	
0 marks	
No response or no response worthy of credit.	

PMT

Mark Scheme

June 20xx

Assessment Objectives (AO) grid

Section A

Question	AO1	AO2	AO3	AO4	Marks
1 (a–c)	3				3
2	6	3			9
3	5	5			10
4/5	6	12			18
Total	20	20		· ·	40

Section B

Question	AO1	AO2	AO3	AO4	Marks
6 (a)				3*	3
6 (b)	2	3			5
7				12	12
8/9	5	5		10	20
Total	7	8		25	40
			<u>.</u>		·

BLANK PAGE

Mark Scheme

June 20xx

BLANK PAGE